



Welcome to Global Goals Week! We can't wait to meet you all each day from 9.30am - 10.30am GMT.

Below is a brief idea of what we will be covering throughout the week.



Day 1 Goal 15: Life on Land



Day 2 Goal 1 & 5: No Poverty & Gender Equality



Day 3 Goal 4: Quality Education



Day 4 Goal 13 & 2: Climate Action & Zero Hunger



Day 5 Connection Day - Guided small group discussions, focussing on biodiversity, culture and hobbies

Please share your work with us! We'd love to see the ideas your students come up with. Email your creations to Siobhan at shughes@eeu.antaisce.org!

Participating Countries



Kenya



South Africa



United Arab
Emirates (UAE)



Ireland (North
and South)



Palestine

What are the Global Goals?

THE GLOBAL GOALS For Sustainable Development



The Global Goals (also called the Sustainable Development Goals) are 17 goals to help make the world a better place for everyone.

They were created by the United Nations, where countries from all around the world work together. In 2015, 193 countries agreed on these goals and made a plan to try to achieve them by 2030.

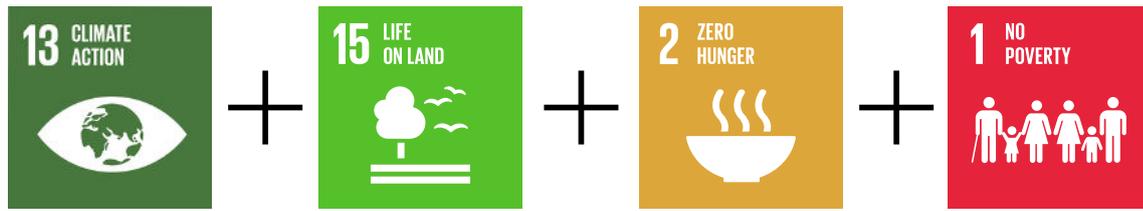
Countries such as Ireland and Kenya helped lead the discussions to create these goals.

Each goal focuses on an important challenge in the world, such as:

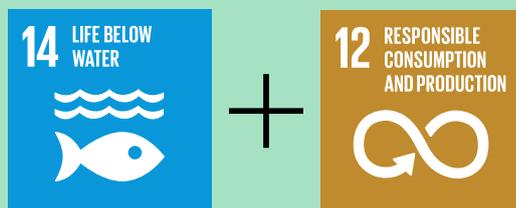
- 🌱 protecting our planet
- 🍎 ending poverty and hunger
- 🎒 making sure everyone can go to school
- 🏥 helping people stay healthy
- 🌍 taking action on climate change

The Global Goals help guide countries and communities so that people everywhere can live healthy, safe, and happy lives while protecting the Earth.

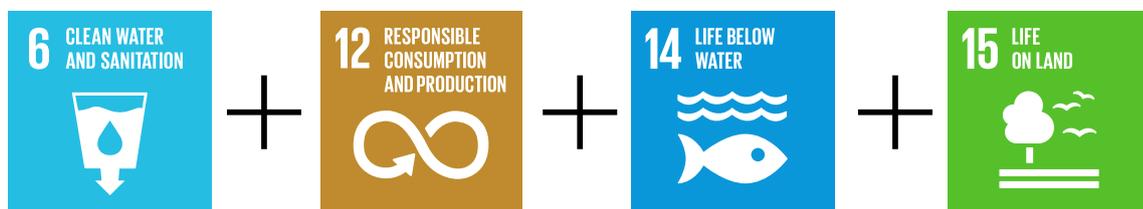
Linking the Global Goals



When we protect our planet from climate change, we keep nature strong and the soil healthy. That way, farmers can grow more food for everyone, so fewer people go hungry or live in poverty.



When we use things responsibly and make less waste, we keep plastic and harmful chemicals out of the ocean. This helps protect sea animals and keeps our oceans healthy for the future!



Using water responsibly and keeping it clean helps reduce waste from homes and factories. This keeps our rivers, lakes, and oceans healthy and protects nature on land and in the sea



When people make and sell things in fair and kind ways, workers get paid properly. When we buy things responsibly, we help people earn a fair living and take care of our planet at the same time!



Question to consider: How might we link other Global Goals?



Name: _____ Date: _____

What are the Global Goals?

The 17 Global Goals help people all over the world work together to make the planet fairer, healthier and safer for everyone.

But here's something important:

★ The goals are connected.

When we work on one goal, it often helps another goal too!

Example:

Action: Choosing clothes made from natural materials



What happens next: Less microplastic pollution



Goal it helps: Helps Goal 12: Responsible Consumption and Goal 14: Life Below Water

Using the Example above for help, complete the chain below to practice linking the Global Goals:

Fill in the connections:

Action → What happens next → Which goals does it help?

Action: Reducing food waste



What happens next?



Goals it helps:

Are you ready to try it yourself? Go to the next page and build your own Global Goal Chain!



Name: _____ **Date:** _____

Choose one action that people could take at school, at home or in the community.

Step 1: My Action - Write one action that could help people or the planet.

My action:

Step 2: What Happens Next? - Think about what changes because of this action.

My action



This leads to:



Which leads to:



Which leads to:

Step 3: Which Goals Are Connected? - Write 2 or more Global Goals that your action could help.

Goal 1: _____

Goal 2: _____

Goal 3: _____

Step 4: Explain the Connection - How does your action help more than one Global Goal?

Step 5: Big Thinking!

Why do you think the Global Goals are designed to work together? (Tick the one you agree with)

- Because world problems are connected
- Because each goal is completely separate
- Because solving one problem can help solve others

Explain your thinking:

Important Goals for Our Communities



If you could help make **your community** better, which Global Goal would you choose and why?

ACT NOW!



Climate Action was the Goal mentioned most to work towards in your own communities!

Watch this video to be inspired on how you can take action!

These answers are collated from Global Goals Week 2026 answers from students in Ireland, Kenya, UAE, Palestine and South Africa.

“What is the most important Global Goal for your community?”

Housing for All



Peace for All



Greener Futures



No Racism



Kindness for All



Protecting Animals (no hunting or abandoned pets)



Clean Air / No Smoking



Trees for All



Music for All



Essentials For All (food, medicine, shelter)



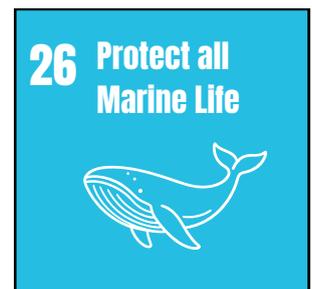
Unity



Healthcare for All

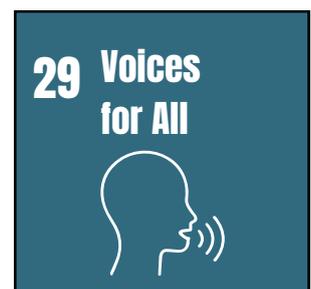


Protect our Marine Life



Voices for All:

Contributing to Change



Everyone has the chance to follow their dreams

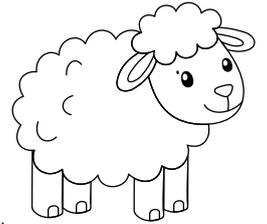
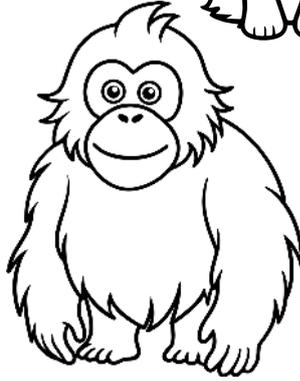
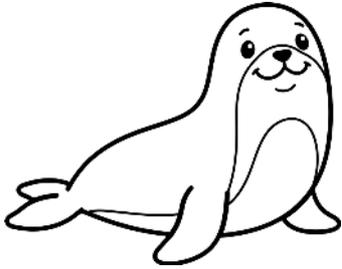


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"If you had the opportunity to create Goal 18, what would your goal be? What do you think everyone in the world should be able to do?"

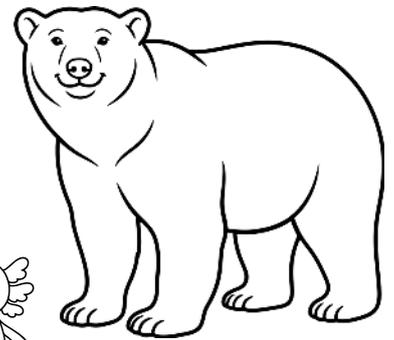
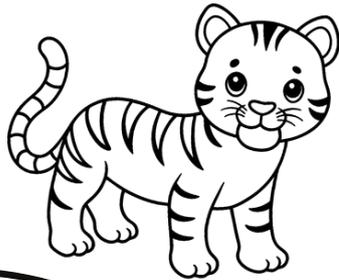
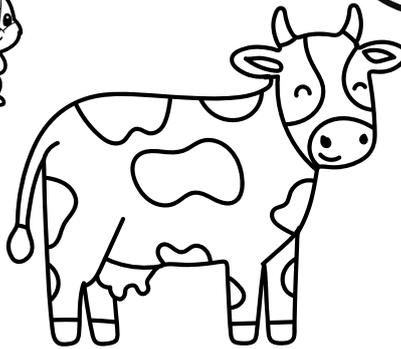
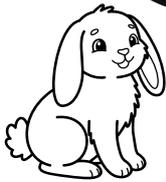
Colouring time!

Danson asked us what animals we would like to protect and why.
See if you can find yours below!



I love rabbits because they are cute, fluffy, and love eating carrots

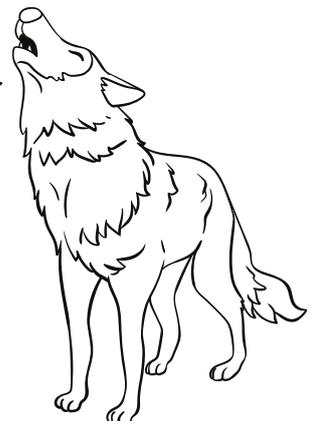
Cows. They are gods in Hinduism



Red pandas because they're super cute!

I like a lion because it is the king of the forests

Wolf because they are witty in the wild and strong in hunting. My name meaning is also wolf



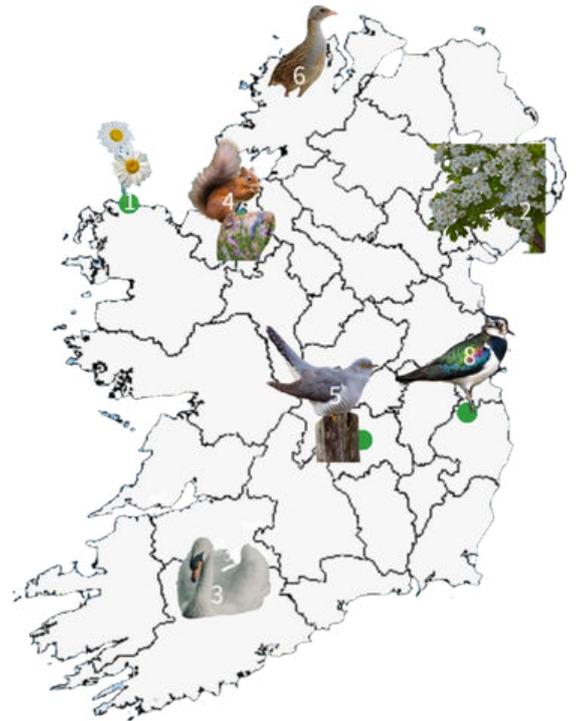
Placenames and Nature Connection

We were so lucky to hear from our amazing Irish Language Officer Meadhbh who talked to us about placenames and their connection to the land. Here is what we learned:

Ireland

Climate: Temperate Oceanic

- English:** Fiddauntawnanoneen
Irish: Feadán Thamhnach Nóinín
Irish Translation: The stream oasis of Daisies
- English:** Ballynaskeagh
Irish: Baile na Sceach
Irish Translation: The town of the Hawthorn
- English:** Duhallow
Irish: Dúiche Ealla
Irish Translation: The native land of the swans
- English:** Knocknahur
Irish: Cnoc na hIora
Irish Translation: The hill of the squirrels
- English:** Cloncough
Irish: Cluain Cuach
Irish Translation: The meadow of the cuckoo
- English:** Lugatryna
Irish: Log an Traonaigh
Irish Translation: Hollow of the Corncrakes
- English:** Curraghphilipeen
Irish: Currach Philibín
Irish Translation: The marsh of the Lapwing



Palestine

Climate: Mediterranean

- Ein al-Qilt:** Spring of the Rock Pool. Near Jericho, feeding Wadi Qelt deep valley, famous for its springs and desert environment
- Wadi al-Far'a:** Valley of branches. Flows into the Jordan River; rich in biodiversity
- Ein Al-Bayda:** White eye or White Spring natural water sources, white coloured rocks, or earth. Spring in the Ramallah area
- Mount Gerizim:** Mountain of blessing. Near Nablus, known for Olive terraces
- Al Mawasi:** Gaza's southern coastal strip. The name refers to local agriculture practices that utilise the area's unique, shallow water table - nickname - "Basket of Food"
- Wadi Gaza Coastal Wetlands:** Hugely important for migratory birds



Kenya

Climate: Tropical

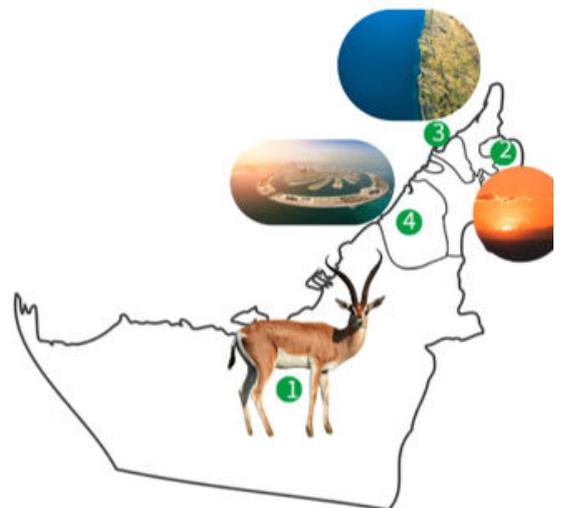
1. **Eldoret (Usain Gishu):** Originates from the Kelnjin word *eldore*, meaning stony river.
2. **Narok:** Named after the Maasai word for 'black' or 'dark' (referring to the black cotton soil)
3. **Nanyuki:** Derived from Enkare Nanyukie, meaning 'the place of red waters'.
4. **Gilgil:** From Il-girgi, referring to acacia trees or a place with many thorn trees. There are at least 5 distinctive kinds of thorny trees in this region.
5. **Eldama Ravine:** From Oldama O-rropil, meaning 'a sweet-smelling hillside'.



UAE

Climate: Arid, desert

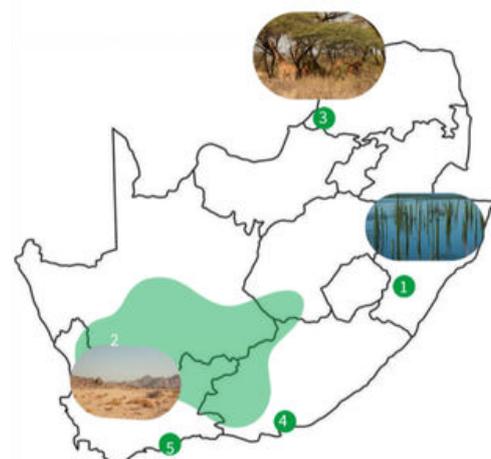
1. The name Abu Dhabi translates to 'Father of the Gazelle'. It is believed to be a tribute to the abundance of gazelles that once roamed the area. The name is closely connected to a popular legend involving a hunter chasing a gazelle.
2. The name Fujairah comes from the Arabic word for 'Fajr', meaning 'dawn', possibly referring to its position on the eastern coast where the sun rises.
3. The name Umm Al Quwain translates to 'Mother of Two Powers'. The two powers are believed to refer to its historical strength on both land and sea.
4. The name Dubai is believed to come from the Arabic word 'Daba', meaning 'to creep' or 'to move slowly', possibly referring to the slow flow of the creek. Another interpretation links it to a type of small locust that was once common in the area.



South Africa

Climate: ranging from Mediterranean in the southwest to subtropical in the north east

1. **Umgeni / uMngeni:** 'The place of the reeds' (isiZulu), named for reed beds along the river beds
2. **Karoo** - 'Land of Thirst' (Khosian). Describes the arid, semi-desert environment with scarce water
3. **Bosveld** - 'Bushveld' (Afrikaans). Describes the savannah woodland vegetation typical of the region
4. **Addo** - Believed to derived from Khoikhoi words meaning something like 'place of many people' or linked to local ecological conditions (interpretations vary); today, famous for elephants.
5. **Buffelsbaai / Buffels Bay** - 'Buffalo bay'. Names after the buffalo once found in the area

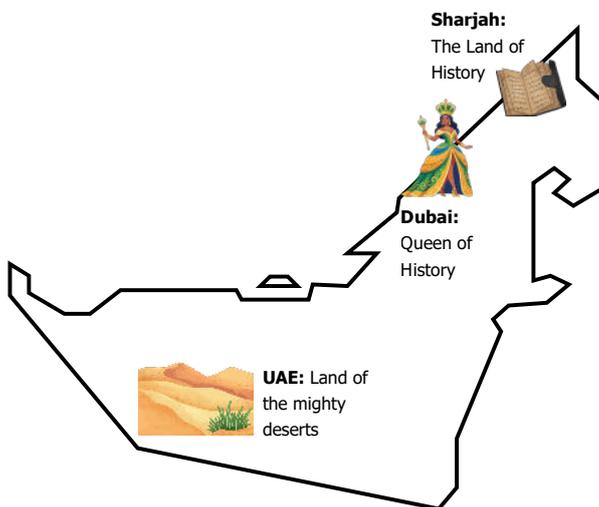


Our Community Nature Names

Meadhbh asked us 'If we were to rename our own town to connect with Global Goal 15: Life on Land, what would we call our town or country?'. Here are all of our amazing answers.



- Castletownbere, Ireland:** Mother of Two Powers
- Charleville, Ireland:** Clean Cheese Land
- Glenageary, Ireland:** Town of the Evergreen (because we are keeping the earth green and healthy!)
- Kilgarvan, Ireland:** Garden of the Animals
- Stillorgan, Ireland:** Land of the Foxes (because we have so many foxes!)
- Kilcoole, Ireland:** The Land of Green
- Mayo, Ireland:** Geocarra (because we're near the new geo park of Lough Carra!)
- Macroom, Ireland:** GAA town (because the best sport is GAA!)
- Kilcoole, Ireland:** The Valley of Green Fields
- Macroom, Ireland:** Town of the animals
- Macroom, Ireland:** Animal Park
- Wicklow, Ireland:** The Garden of Ireland
- Donegal, Ireland:** Hills of the sheep (there are lots of sheep in Donegal!)
- Gort na Beatha, Ireland:** The Meadow of Life
- Kilcoole, Ireland:** The Shining Fields
- Castletownbere:** Sheep Shore (because of coastal sheep farming!)
- Macroom, Ireland:** Castle Town
- Kilcoole, Ireland:** The Land of Kindness
- Clonskeagh, Ireland:** Meadow of the Hawthorn (Cluain Sceach in Irish language)



- Dubai, UAE:** Queen of History (because it is filled with old history)
- Dubai, UAE:** Bloom City
- Golona:** City of flowers
- Ekavrkshaisah:** The one with trees (meaning of the word in Sanskrit)
- UAE:** Land of the mighty deserts (because UAE, Dubai has a lot of deserts)
- Dubai, UAE:** Bio Bloom City
- Discovery Gardens, UAE:** Beauty of Nature and Unique Birds
- Dubai, UAE:** Sustainable new city (as it is a new city which evolved really fast and focuses on sustainability)
- Dubai, UAE:** The Land of Respect
- Ard Aljama:** Land of Camels
- Sharjah, UAE:** The Land of History



- Durban, South Africa:** The Land of Endless Adventure
- India:** Hamara Bharat (this means 'Our Land')
- India:** Land of Biodiversity and different cultures



Name: _____ Date: _____

What is a Place Name?

Many places are named after nature. Long ago, people named places after things they saw around them like:

-  trees and forests
-  birds and animals
-  rivers or lakes
-  plants and fields

Place names can help us learn about the nature that once lived (or still lives) in our area.

Investigating Our Place Names

Write the name of a local place you know (town, street, park, river, hill).

What do you think this name might mean?

Is it connected to nature? Circle or write the idea.

Tree Animal Bird Plant Water Land Other: _____

What species or type of nature might this place be named after?

Does This Nature Still Exist Here?

Think about the place today.

- Yes, we can still see it
- Maybe a little
- Not anymore

Explain what you notice:

Protecting Nature

If this place was named after nature, it means it was important in the past.

What could we do to help protect the plants or animals connected to this place? Write two ideas.



Draw Your Place

Draw the place and the plants or animals that could live there.

Big Thinking

Protecting nature in our local area also helps the Global Goals.
Which Global Goals might this help?

- Life on Land
- Climate Action
- Life Below Water
- Sustainable Cities and Communities
- Other (please describe) _____

Why does this help the Global Goals?



Name _____

Global Goals Week Check-In



How I feel about the programme so far:



Reason for my rating

○ ○ ○ ○ ○



My Goal for Global Goals Week:

Something I am looking forward to during Global Goals Week
