Balance Bike Skills

Green-Schools Travel - Cycling





Children between 1.5 and 4 will typically only learn one motor skill at a time so balance and then steering are the obvious first skills and that's why balance bikes are such a good option for this age group. Balance bikes allow them to become masters of their own domain before moving on to new skills.

Safety First: Check Bike Setup, Clothing and Helmet

For a perfect bicycle fit, follow these guidelines:

- Sit on the saddle and rest the balls of both feet on the ground. Feet flat on ground for beginners.
- Straddle the top bar with a comfortable clearance and with both feet flat on the ground.
- Reach the handlebars with a slight bend in the arms when sitting on the seat. If there are handbrakes, your child should be able to grasp them and apply enough pressure to stop the bike.
- A skirt is not great as it can get stuck around the saddle.
- Baggy pants or wide legged trousers might also hinder. Check shoes are on securely and aren't going to slip off quickly. Check shoe laces are fastened.
- Do not go on roads footpaths when accompanied by adult.
- Always wear a properly fitted helmet and bike is in working order e.g. no flat tyres or loose parts.

Children aged 1.5 to 4 years can only learn one motor skill at a time. With balance bikes the two main sills are **"Balancing"** and **"Steering"**. It takes a lot of coordination to complete these skills and braking will also be introduced. These are the most difficult skills to master when cycling.

- 1. Walk along with the bicycle
- 2. Get on and off the bicycle sit on the bicycle
- 3. Sit and walk
- 4. Stop/Brake
- 5. "Giant" steps/strides Fee Fi Fo Fum
- 6. Run
- 7. "Kangaroo Bouncing" or "Gliding"
- 8. Steering